# Marijuana Cultivation Operations on Federal Lands

Water Quality Coordinating Committee Meeting Sacramento, California
Oct. 23-24, 2018



# **Legal Update**

- United States v. Gilmore, 886 F.3d 1288 (9th Cir. April 5, 2018):
  - "The restrictions imposed by § 538 [the marijuana appropriations rider] do not apply to marijuana cultivation on federal land."



# Case Study

• *United States v. Cortez-Villasenor,* 623 Fed. Appx. 392 (9th Cir.

2015):

Lunch man

Greenhorn Creek, Sequoia NF







- 8,876 mj plants
- 5 charged



- One removed by Medevac
- Cortez's juvenile son sickened and left before sw
- Empty containers of "Fosfuro de Zinc" (zinc phosphide)



10 pounds of Fosfuro de Zinc at Cortez's residence







# Zinc Phosphide

- Rodenticide
- Restricted use may only be purchased and used by certified applicator
- Toxicity Category 4 (the highest of 4 categories)
- Generates phosphine gas when exposed to liquid



# **Charges Filed**

- Drug Conspiracy
- Manufacture of MJ
- Possession with Intent to Distribute MJ
- Employment of Minors in Drug Operation (21 U.S.C. § 861)
- Depredation of Government Property (18 U.S.C. § 1361)
- Unlawful Distribution of Unregistered Pesticide (7 U.S.C. § 136j(a)(1)(A), in violation of Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA))



### **Environmental Charges**

### Depredation of Government Property (18 U.S.C. § 1361)

- Penalties: 10 y/\$250,000 fine/restitution
- Willfully injuring or committing depredation of any government property
- Not necessary to show defendant knew property was government property
- Damage in excess of \$1,000

### Depredation Conduct:

- Fisheries/Aquatic Resources: increased soil erosion, contamination, diversion
- Soils: compaction and erosion
- Wildlife: poaching, poisoning, increased mortality of threatened species
- Invasive Plants/Weeds: resulting from removal of native vegetation
- Deforestation: loss of under and overstory, merchantable trees
- Cultural Resources
- Rare plants



### **Environmental Charges**

- Unlawful Distribution of Unregistered Pesticide (7 U.S.C. § 136j(a)(1)(A), in violation of FIFRA)
  - Penalties: 1 y/\$150,000 fine
  - Requires proof of distribution
  - Any person who knowingly receives, holds/stores and delivers unregistered pesticides to a grow site is sufficient evidence of distribution
  - Application of pesticide is not distribution

### EPA Registrations

- National Pesticide Information Center (NPIC) Product Research Online:
  - http://npic.orst.edu/NPRO/



# Dispo

- All pled G to drug conspiracy
- Cortez also pleaded G to FIFRA violation
- USSG sentence with safety valve: 46-57 mos.
- USSG sentence without safety valve: 10 years
- Cortez not truthful at safety valve interview



# Dispo

- Cortez sentenced to 10 years
- Restitution (joint and several) to USFS ordered
  - Inmate Financial Responsibility Program (IFRP) allows for periodic restitution payments
- 9th affirmed: court must accept government's view of truthfulness



#### Resource Damage Assessment Report

Wildcat Marijuana Grow Site Wallowa Valley Ranger District – Wallowa-Whitman National Forest July 13, 2011



#### Synopsis:

A substantial marijuana grow operation located in NE Oregon within the Wallowa-Whitman NF was raided by officials on June 15, 2011. The operation included 19 garden plantations (also referred to a "pods"), 6 cisterns, 2 camps, and 4 garbage pits. Due to the size and scope of the operation, a team was convened to conduct a thorough assessment of potential resource impacts or damage. US Forest Service specialists representing soils, aquatics, wildlife, timber, botany, weeds and safety/HAZMAT completed a field review and evaluation of the Wildcat Creek marijuana grow operation to determine resource impacts and associated costs for rehabilitation and restoration. The following table summarizes rehabilitation/restoration and clean-up costs.

	Soils	Wildlife	Invasive Plants	Timber	HAZMAT	General Clean- up
Assessment Costs	1000	800	1200	1200		
Rehabilitation/Restoration/Clean- up Costs	3000	7000	1937	425		46,800
HAZMAT/Assessment/Abatement					\$34,112	
Total Costs by resource	\$4000	\$7800	\$3137	\$1625	\$34,112	\$46,800

Total Rehabilitation/Restoration/and Clean-Up Costs = \$97,474

1 Wildcat Marijuana Grow Site Resource Damage Assessment

### **Valuation**

Forest Soil and Water Program Manager

Wildlife Biologist

**Forest Botanist** 

**Timber Staff** 

Archeologist

Fisheries Biologist

**Forest Safety Officer** 











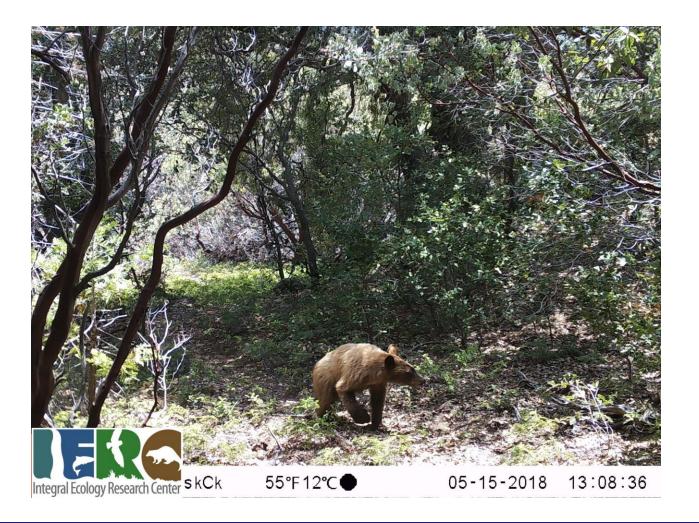








### Carbofuran in Sierra National Forest







### Other Federal Environmental Crimes

### **POLLUTION CRIMES:**

- Clean Water Act (CWA), 33 U.S.C. 1319(c)
  - Knowingly discharging pollutant into waters of U.S. without a permit
- Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA), 42 U.S.C. 6928(d)-(f)
  - Knowingly, treating, storing, transporting, disposing of a hazardous waste without a permit
- Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA), 42 U.S.C. 9603(b)
  - Releasing hazardous substance into environment and failing to report



### Other Federal Environmental Crimes

### **WILDLIFE/NATURAL RESOURCE CRIMES:**

- Endangered Species Act, 16 U.S.C. §§ 1538, 1540
  - Strict liability misdemeanor unlawful take could be used with damned streams where protected fish killed downstream
- Migratory Bird Treaty Act, 16 U.S.C. §§ 704, 707
  - Strict liability misdemeanor unlawful take of migratory bird
- Unlawful cutting or injuring of trees on public land, 18 U.S.C. § 1853
- Willfully setting on fire timber, underbrush, grass on public land, 18 U.S.C. § 1855
- Archaeological Resource Protection Act (ARPA) violation, 16 U.S.C. § 740ee
  - Unlawful take of material remains of past human life or activities which are of archaeological interest



### **Questions?**

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